

Landmark Reforms in Indian Agriculture

Opening up of Agri Markets

03 September 2020

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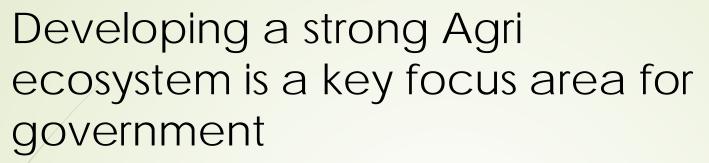
India has a strong advantage in the Agri sector

- Agri contributes to ~15% of GDP & livelihood for >50% of population
- World's largest producer of spices, pulses, milk, tea, cashew, jute, bananas, jackfruits, etc.
- Second largest producer of wheat, rice, fruits and vegetables, sugarcane, cotton and oilseeds
- Fourth largest producer of agrochemicals
- Largest livestock population of around 535.8 million (31%) of world's livestock
- Largest land area under irrigation
- Top five net exporters in the world



"Agriculture has a key role in making India \$5 trillion economy"

~Hon'ble PM Shri Narendra Modi







 Create a consistent and standardized Agri-framework across the country



Attract capital and technology to our agrarian economy



- Provide marketing interventions for both agricultural buyers & sellers
 - Access to better marketing avenues for farmers' produce
 - Freeing up the sector from restrictive laws







Farmers' Produce Trade and Commerce Ordinance 2020

To end the monopoly of the APMC and allow anyone to freely purchase and sell agricultural produce giving farmer multiple market options (inter and intra state)



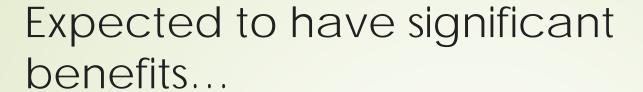
Farmers Agreement on Price Assurance and farm services

Provide legal framework for agreements between farmers and buyers including processors, wholesalers, large retailers, etc.



The Essential Commodities (Amendment) Ordinance 2020

Remove restrictions on stocking food produce







Farmers' Produce Trade and Commerce (Production & Facilitation)

- Farmers to have more choice in selling their produce
- More transparency and better provision of services in marketplaces
- Increase in inter-state movement and price for farmer
- More private players expected to enter and set up e-trading platforms



Farmers (Empowerment & Protection) Agreement on Price Assurance and farm services

- Direct contract between buyer and seller, no conflict with APMC
- Fair price and faster payment, consistent income for farmers
- Crop intelligence support traceability, quality control
- Farmer to have access to modern technology and better inputs



The Essential Commodities (Amendment)

- Stability of market prices for consumers
- Uplift in investment in storage facilities, cold storages etc.
- Better price realization for farmers

... across all stakeholders



Illustrative or non-exhaustive



Farmer / FPOs

- Best price realization basis harvest quality
- Sufficient infra and value added services



Logistics players

- Real-time access to demand via platform
- Open market driven by process efficiency



Warehousing

- Transparent access with predictable demand
- Open tenders / empanelment opportunities



Credit providers

Access to integrated seller and buyer base via platform



Insurance providers

- Agri specific insurance products
- Reduced crop wastage compensation



Retailers and end consumers

Reduced prices by elimination of middleman

Free Agri-marketplace will unlock opportunities for new investments



Illustrative or non-exhaustive

Credit/Financial Institutions

 Organized sales improves credit score and enables formal channels to finance farmers

Digital commerce platforms

 Tech based platform directly connecting farmers to end buyers



Assaying and Grading

 Multi party professional players in advanced and fast assaying/ grading & sorting systems



 Customised insurance products Harvest, Crop Transit etc



Agriculture



Warehousing and Cold storage

 Cost efficient and flexible storage solutions

Logistics

 Tech platforms for End to end connectivity of farmers to end consumers



Food Processing Units

 Organized and potentially cheaper access to Agri-produce to promote setting of food processing units and export promotion

Strengthened by several enabling schemes planned by govt.





Agri Infra fund

- Financing facility of ₹ 1 Lakh crore for PACs, FPOs, Agri - entrepreneurs, start-ups
- PHM infra project: cold chains, community assets, etc.



Scheme for 10,000 FPOs

- Form 10,000 FPOs and support each FPO for 5 years
- Implementation by central and state agencies with DAC&FW



Digital and smart agriculture

- Digital Agri-stack built on the foundation of Farmers Database
- Key enabler for online marketplaces and smart Agri



Additional credit boost through KCC

- ₹ 2.5 Lakh crore of concessional credit
- Special drive will include 25 million farmers who do not, at the moment, have the KCC

Agri Infra Fund: post harvest infrastructure





Size of the fund – ~Rs.1 Lakh Cr, disbursement over 4 years



Post harvest management projects like –

- Warehouses
- Silos
- Pack houses
- Assaying units
- Sorting &grading units
- Cold chains
- Logistics facilities
- Primary processing centers
- Ripening Chambers
- Soil testing labs, etc.



Beneficiaries – farmers, FPOs, PACS and Agri tech entrepreneurs and startups



Participating institutions – All scheduled commercial banks, Cooperative banks, RRBs, Small Finance banks, NBFCs, NCDC

Purposewise Sanction on Day of Launch (9th August 2020)



AIF Activity	Number of PACs	Tentative Project Cost	Bank Loan
Infrastructure for smart and precision agriculture	92	3,947.11	3,411.65
Logistics facilities	638	29,987.62	26,683.50
Micro irrigation	2	55.00	49.50
Organic manure production	1	5.00	4.50
Pack houses	4	58.00	52.20
Primary processing centers	112	13,513.33	12,038.30
Ripening Chambers	2	76.60	68.94
Soil testing labs	2	30.00	27.00
Sorting &grading units	29	549.00	494.10
Supply chain services including e-marketing platforms	75	2,966.50	2,641.35
Warehouses, silos, cold chains	1325	78,218.26	67,347.07
Total	2282	129,406.43	112,818.12

Scheme for 10,000 FPOs: Objective to turn farmers into businessman





Vision - Form 10,000 FPOs and support each FPO for 5 years from inception



Grants for FPOs – Equity grant, Credit Guarantee Fund



Total budgetary provision - ₹ 6800 plus



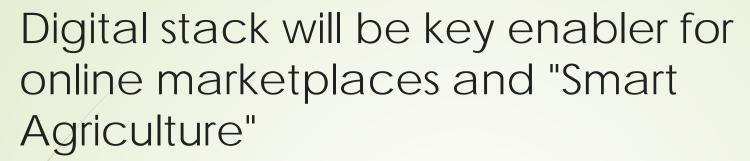
Training and handholding – for each FPO by CBBO engaged by implementation agency



Implementing agency – Joint effort of central and state agencies



Aspirational districts – 1 FPO in each block of every district







Enabling a Digital Agri-stack built on the foundation of Farmers Database



Database - Linkage to state land records and land holdings GIS data



 Data standardization for onboarding information from satellite imagery, IOT devices and databases both in private and public domain



 A model for monetization of data on Agri stack maybe built to ensure sustainability

CREDIT TO FARMERS: KCC SATURATION DRIVE





Under the 'AATMA NIRBHAR BHARAT' campaign, target to cover 2.5 crore farmers under KCC: injection of additional INR 2 lakh crore in rural economy.



KCC assists farmers by providing timely, concessional and institutional credit for meeting various input costs and capital requirements.



Since the start of drive in February 2020: **125 lakh KCC** with sanctioned limit of ~106 thousand crore have been issued.



Widespread media campaign launched to make farmers aware about the Saturation drive and benefits of KCC.



No processing free and all service charges waived off.



For PM-KISAN beneficiaries: No e-KYC required, simplified single page form.



Animal Husbandry and Fisheries' farmers have been included and extended the benefits of concessional credit up to Rs. 2 lakh

Aspirational Vision for "Atmanirbhar Krishi"



National Targets

Atmanirbhar Krishi

<u></u>

Transform farmers into "entrepreneurs" with higher incomes & better quality of life (2x farmer income)

Make India the "food basket" for the world (\$60 Bn+ exports by 2022)



Make agriculture the "go to" investment opportunity



Step change in India's "brand recall" for agricultural produce (Make-in-India)

Interventions

Vision

Empowering farmers through FPOs

- Setup 10,000 FPOs
- Credit & Insurance facility



Cluster based integrated development

- Export oriented clusters
- Organic oriented clusters



Drive higher value realization

- Free trade & reforms
- Farm to fork infra
- Value addition & Branding

Sustainable and resilient agriculture



Unified Farmers Service Platform (UFSP)



Capital, Technology and R&D



Let's together build a new India



- A clear and friendly policy map to encourage investments by GOI
 - An opportunity for global investors to take benefit of the new environment (similar to Indian telecom and e-commerce value creation)
- Indian agri-entrepreneurs have built businesses across the Agri-value chain
 - Energy needs to be powered by quality growth capital for achieving scale
- Technology integration and e-platform (along with physical trade avenues)
 - Two game-changing initiatives to unlock the value chain benefits for all stakeholders



THANK YOU



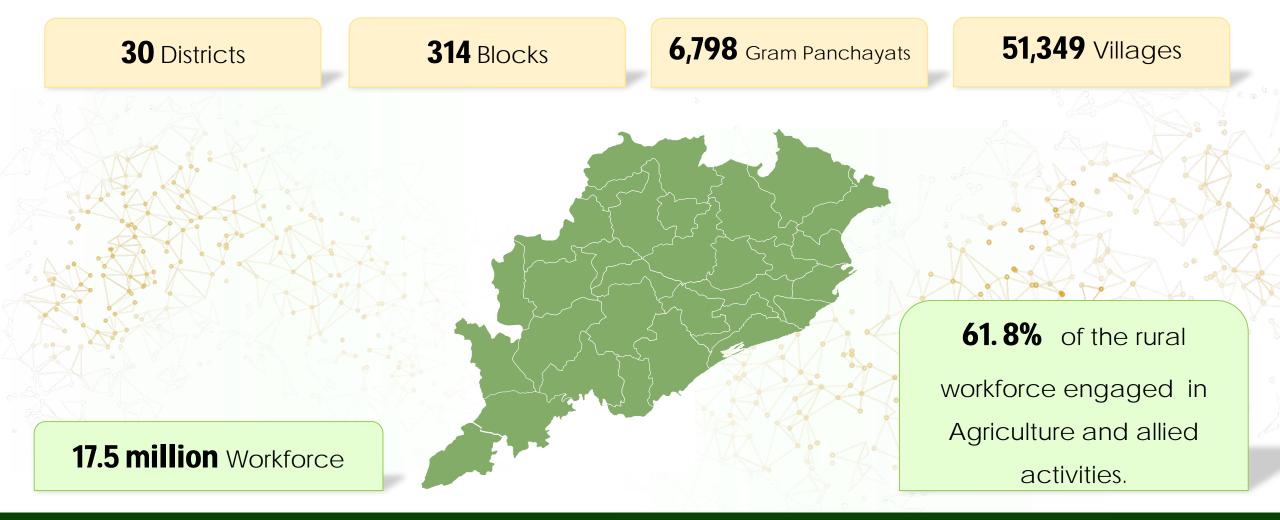
Odisha's Perspective The New Ordinances & New Opportunities for Cooperative Sectors

Department of Agriculture and Farmers' Empowerment
Government of Odisha

3rd September 2020

Odisha is the 8th largest state in India with 4.2 crore population, 83% of which live in the rural areas





92% of farmers in Odisha own less than 2ha of land (Marginal / Small)

For a sustainable growth in rural areas, Government of Odisha has given special focus to agriculture through collectives



Importance of Agriculture

- Global research on the nature of growth in the last 25 years or so has revealed that one percentage of growth in agriculture is at least two to three times more effective in reducing poverty than the same growth in Non-Agri sectors.*
- Most of the poor in rural areas in India are directly or indirectly dependent on agriculture, presently.
- Agriculture has emerged as the most sustainable sector during COVID-19 pandemic

Collective Approach

- SAMRUDHI The Agri Policy 2020 focuses on formation of collectives like FPOs, SHGs for cultivation as well as post harvest management. A special focus is also on JLG to promote institutional credit to landless farmers.
- State FPO Policy was launched in 2018 to improve the income of the farmers by establishment of FPOs in the sector of Agriculture, Horticulture, Fisheries, Dairy, and Animal Husbandry.
- Odisha has been front runner in formation and operationalization of Self-Help Groups specially for women to promote entrepreneurship in rural areas. Agriculture department skills these SHGs for post harvest management activities.

Government of Odisha has launched multiple projects to promote the formation and support to collectives in the state





Scheme for Joint Liability Groups(JLGs)/sharecroppers : BALARAM

Formation of **1 lakh JLGs** covering 5 lakh farmers those who are cultivating others land on lease. Banks to provide collateral free crop loans up to Rs 1.60 lakh per group (as per RBI norms)



Mukhyamantri Krushi Udyog Yojana



Government provides **subsidy on farmers loans upto Rs. 50 lakh** to encourage setting up of new Agro industries; 1,260 projects have been given a go-ahead; **283 projects are in sanction stage**.

MKUY will dovetail over Agriculture Infrastructure Fund to provide interest subvention to applicants.



Promotion of Agriculture Production Cluster (APC)

Already operational in 40 tribal blocks of the state; **More than 570 Farmer Producer Groups** with more than 60,000 farmers have been formed under the project. The project supports the farmers in agricultural and livestock activities.

Government of Odisha has launched multiple projects to promote the formation and support to collectives in the state (2/2)



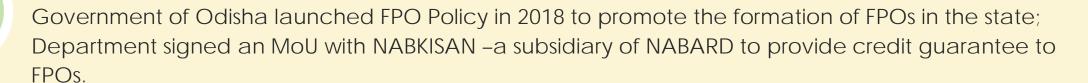


Support to Women SHGs

Special focus on Women SHGs through multiple projects and schemes; Department is committed to created post harvest management capabilities in more than 2,000 WSHG under the 5T charter of the state.



FPO Policy





Fisheries Cooperatives

Odisha has **737 fisheries cooperatives with 1,52,469 farmers.** There are multiple welfare schemes like insurance under blue revolution, support to cooperatives under state plan schemes.

Way Forward



- Odisha has laid special thrust on formation and operationalization of Cooperatives in the state.
- Odisha has promulgated following 2 ordinances to enhance profits for the individuals as well as cooperatives
 - The Odisha Agricultural Produce & Livestock Marketing (Promotion And Facilitation) Ordinance, 2020 to provide for geographically restriction-free trade and transaction of agricultural produce including livestock across the state and country.
 - The Odisha Agricultural Produce & Livestock Contract Farming And Services (Promotion And Facilitation)
 Ordinance, 2020 to promote service contract and contract farming by putting a conducive regulatory
 and policy framework.
- The Essential Commodities Act Ordinance will enable the the SHGs and FPOs to increase their storage capacities and keep the produce of farmers in these storages.
- Multiple state schemes like MKUY will be dovetailed on Agriculture Infrastructure Fund



National Workshop on New Ordinances: New Opportunities for Cooperatives

Secretary,
Department of Agriculture,
Government of Bihar



3rd September 2020

The Essential Commodity (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020

The Ordinance has deregulated essential commodity from government control for supply, storage and trade including cereals, edible oils, oilseeds, pulses, etc.

- Attract Private / Foreign Investors
- Increased Investment in modern storage and warehousing structure
- Reduce Post Harvest loss of Agri-Produce
- Increased Price Realisation
- Stock limit under very exceptional Circumstances (Natural Calamities..)

- Increase in produce Collection quantity per member of Co-op
- Can Hold stock till conducive market rates
- More Bargaining Power
- Less Value Addition cost
- Will give boost to Co-op collaborations to Agri-Startups

The Farming Produce Trade and Commerce (Promotion and Facilitation) Ordinance, 2020

The Ordinance provides for framework for facilitative environment outside the notified market areas for trade

- Bihar Repealed APMC Act in 2006
- Barrier Free Market exists in Bihar enabling farm gate level procurement
- Electronic trading in transaction platform
- Intra- state free Market
- Same day or max within three day payment to farmer in trade area

- Co-op's/FPO's may transform farm gate as robust market
- Reduced storage cost and loss
- Increased price realisation to associated members
- Increased bargaining power
- Future Trade opportunity to Apex co-op bodies

The Farmers (Empowerment and Protection) Agreement on Price Assurance and Farm Services Ordinance, 2020

The Ordinance provides for framework for contract farming

- Trade Agreement
 - Ownership of commodity with farmers till delivery
 - Payment at the time of delivery
- Production Agreement
 - Farm input/ Technologies from sponsors
 - Risk of output lies with purchasers
- No Sale/Lease/Mortgage of Farmers' land
- No recovery from farmer
- Effective dispute resolution mechanism
- Better Supply chain development
- stability and enhancement in farmers' income
- Min one Crop/ Livestock cycle & Max 5 Yrs Cycle

- Agreement with Co-op's will benefit S & M farmers
- Protection from fluctuating prices of perishables specially
- Tie-ups with processing industries easier
- BAVAS Division by Bihar Government
 - -To facilitate Contract Farming,

 Agri-Marketing, Produce Value Addition,
 formulate quality Grades & Stds
- Bihar Agriculture Investment Promotion Policy, 2020

A glimpse of few direct Marketing Models in Bihar (..1/2)



ITC:

Wheat Procurement Model

1 lacs MT Wheat Procurement 20K MT Wheat Procurement During Covid

- Directly Procure from Farmers and small aggregators also
- Also Procures Maize, Soybean and Paddy



Arya Collateral:
Dry Commodities

5 lacs MT Wheat & Maize Procurement 30 districts; 110 warehouses

- Provide the facilities for paddy & soybean
- Facilitate procurement for private companies
- Piloting cocoon based hermetic storage system to bring the services to farmgate

Dehaat: Seed to Market

DeHaat

Member base of 2 lacs

farmers

Procured 1500 M of agri-produce

- Providing end to end agricultural services to small holder farmers
- Procuring 8-10 MT of vegetables per day
- Targeting to scale to 1 lac MT

4

Ergos: Farmgate warehousing



Servicing 27 K+ farmers 69 warehouses; 38K MT of capacit

- Ergos provides small and marginal farmers with farm gate warehousing services and WRF Services
- It also facilitate forward linkage of agri-produce of the farmers from warehouse itself



Jeevika Promoted FPOs

6K MT - maize marketed by Jeevika FPOs Targeting 10K MT of procurement

- Jeevika has promoted 8 FPOs which are gearing up for marketing amid Covid-19
- The FPOs are establishing direct market linkages for maize, litchi etc. with institutional buyers





Member base of 220 FPOs Marketed 100 MT agriproduce Amid covid

- Working towards increasing farm income through establishing forward linkages with Produce marketing organizations
- Promote agri-produce processing enterprises by FPOs

A glimpse of few direct Marketing Models in Bihar (2/2)



Pine Apple & Banana Marketing

1 Lac MT of Pineapple

Kolkata traders procure from farm gate

- Repealing APMCs have led to increased instances of farmgate procurement
- Kishanganj district have been developed as a pineapple cluster whereas Purnea as banana cluster for farmgate procurement

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Strawberry Marketing

200 MT of strawberry

Kolkata traders procure from farr gate

- Farmers from Aurangabad has started growing strawberries after opening up of market as it enabled farmgate procurement
- Similarly, this has led to developed of niche clusters of papaya etc. across Bihar

11



Litchi Marketing

1 lacs MT cities

Uninhibited use of marketed to methor, train and road transportation

30 MT of

seeds per

year

- Freeing up APMC regulations have led to increased efficiency in marketing of litchi
- Pre-harvest traders buy the produce in advance

Seed Marketing: Postal Services

Individual farmers sell seed to farmers across India

- Farmers from Vaishali district are selling seeds across India i.e. TN, Chattisgargh etc using postal parcel services
- 15th April to 15th July is season where postal parcel services observe heavy traffic

Kaushalya Foundation

FPO Ecosystem Development

Facilitated 156 MT of F&V marketing in Covid

- It facilitates development of private markets of fruits and vegetables
- Facilitated linking of fruits and vegetable farmers to institutional buyers like Big Basket

12



Shakti Sudha Industries

Procure 3K MT Makhana from farmers

1.5 MT makhana Procurement **During Covid**

- Processors of Makhana based
 - Working towards exporting the produce to international markets
- Launched makhana flour mix atta to further add value to the produce



Thank You



नए अध्यादेश: सहकारी क्षेत्रों के लिए नए अवसर- विषय पर कार्यशाला

New Ordinances: New Opportunities for Cooperatives

राष्ट्रीय सहकारी विकास निगम कृषि एवं किसान कल्याण मंत्रालय, भारत सरकार के अंतर्गत एक सांविधिक निगम 4-सीरी इंस्टीट्यूशनल ऐरिया, हौज खास, नई दिल्ली - 110016

एनसीडीसी की विशिष्टताएं Overview of NCDC

- > संसदीय अधिनियम(रा.स.वि.नि. अधिनियम 1962) के तहत गठित
- ❖ A Statutory Organization setup under NCDC Act, 1962
- सभी प्रकार के सहकारिताओं के लिए भारत सरकार द्वारा अधिसूचित वित्तीय संस्थान
- Notified financial institution by GoI for almost all types Cooperatives
- > आईएसओ 9001:2015 प्रमाणित संगठन
- ❖ An ISO 9001:2015 Certified Organization

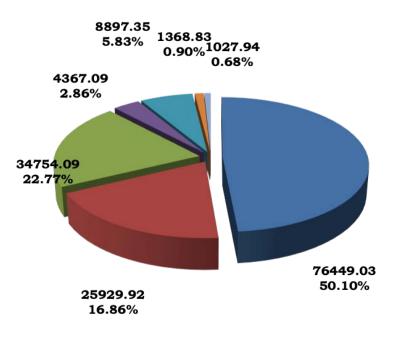
एनसीडीसी की विशिष्टताएं Overview of NCDC

- > गठन से अभी तक नेट एनपीए शून्य व ऋण वसूली लगभग 99%
- ❖ Zero net NPA since inception & loan recovery @99%
- सिमितियों को अवसरंचना निर्माण के लिए ऋण एवं व्यापार संचालन के लिए आवश्यक धनराशि कार्यशील पूंजी/मार्जिन मनी के रूप में प्रदान करती है ।
- ❖ Provides loans for development of infrastructure, working capital / margin money for running business.
- वित्तीय सहायता के लिए कोई न्यूनतम या अधिकतम सीमा नहीं केवल व्यवहार्यता ही एकमात्र मानदंडे |
- No minimum, no maximum limit for lending, Viability is important

स्थापना से अभी तक कुल विमुक्ति Total disbursement since inception

- निगम ने अपनी स्थापना से अभी तक विभिन्न सहकारिताओं को संचयी रूप से कुल एक लाख चौवन हजार करोड रूपया विमुक्त किया है
- NCDC ccumulatively disbursed approx. Rs.1,54,000 crore to Cooperatives since inception, 1963. Assisted more than ONE LAKH Coops since 2014.

Sector wise disbursements



- Marketing & Inputs
- Agro-Processing
- Industrial & Service Coops.
- Weaker Sections
- ■Storage & Coldchain
- Others (Consumer, Computerisation, P&D

नए अध्यादेश New Ordinances

- ✓ आवश्यक वस्तुएं (संशोधन) अध्यादेश, 2020
 The Essential Commodities (Amd) Ordinance, 2020
- √ कृषि उपज, वाणिज्य, और व्यापार (संवर्धन एवं सुविधा) अध्यादेश, 2020
 - The Farmer's Produce, Trade, and Commerce (Promotion and Facilitation) Ordinance, 2020)
- √ किसान (सशक्तिकरण एवं संरक्षण) मूल्य आश्वासन समझौता और कृषि सेवा अध्यादेश, 2020
 - The Farmers (Empowerment and Protection) Agreement on Price Assurance and Farm Services Ordinance, 2020)

आवश्यक वस्तुऐं (संशोधन) अध्यादेश, 2020 The Essential Commodities (Amendment) Ordinance, 2020

भंडारण, प्रसंस्करण एवं निर्यात के नियंत्रण से मुक्त होने के फलस्वरूप सहकारी संस्थाओं के लिए अवसर:

- अंडारण: समितियाँ अपनी भंडारण क्षमता में वृद्धि करके किसानों की उपज को भंडारित कर सकती है एवं किसानों की आवश्यकता के अनुरूप उनके भंडार किये गये उत्पादों के सापेक्ष कार्यशील पूंजी ऋण उपलब्ध करा सकती है।
- ❖ Storage: Societies can increase their storage capacity and keep the produce of farmers in these godowns and can extend working capital finance to farmers against stored produce.
- प्रसंस्करण एवं निर्यात: कृषि उत्पादों के मूल्य संबर्धन करने हेत् उत्पादों को क्रय करके शार्टिग, ग्रेडिग एवं प्रेसंस्कृत कर लाभकारी मूल्य पर विक्रय/निर्यात कर सकती है।
- ❖ Societies can purchase produce of farmers and after adding value through sorting, grading, processing sell / export it.

कृषि उपज, वाणिज्य, और व्यापार (संवर्धन एवं सुविधा) अध्यादेश, 2020 The Farmer's Produce, Trade, and Commerce(Promotion and Facilitation) Ordinance, 2020

कृषि उपजों की खरीद - बिक्री देश में कहीं भी करने के लिए स्वतंत्रता होने के फलस्वरूप सहकारी संस्थाओं के लिए अवसर

- सिमितियाँ अपने भंडारगृह से सीधे किसी कंपनी या थोक व्यापारी को अपने उत्पादों का विक्रय कर सकती है । इसके अतिरिक्त इलेक्ट्रानिक माध्यम से भी व्यापार कर सकती है ।
- Societies can sell agricultural produce straightaway from their godowns to any wholesale traders / companies and trade through electronic platform.
- उत्पादों की मात्रा अधिक होने के कारण सहकारी संस्थाएं उत्पाद के लाभकारी मूल्य हेतु व्यापारियों से मोल भाव करने की स्थिति में होगी । शीर्ष सहकारी संस्थाएं प्रदेश की अन्य सहकारी संस्थाओं में उत्पादों की स्टॉक स्थिति के अनुसार वायदा कारोवार भी कर सकती है ।
- Societies are now in a position to bargain with traders due to volume of scale. Apex state level societies can decide on future trade depending upon stored capacity available in different affiliated societies.

The Farmers (Empowerment and Protection) Agreement on Price Assurance and Farm Services Ordinance, 2020

किसान (सशक्तिकरण एवं संरक्षण) मूल्य आश्वासन समझौता और कृषि सेवा अध्यादेश, 2020

कान्ट्रैक्ट फार्मिंग को बढावा देने के फलस्वरूप सहकारी संस्थाओं के लिए अवसर:

- महकारी संस्थाएं किसी बडे व्यापारी या प्रोसेसर से किसी भी कृषि उत्पादों के निर्धारित मात्रा एवं निर्धारित दर पर आपूर्ति हेतु समझौता कर सकती है
- ❖ Cooperative societies can enter into agreement with wholesale trader / processor to supply agricultural produce in large quantity at appropriate rate.
- फल एवं सब्जी के क्षेत्र के सहकारी समितियों के लिए यह ज्यादा उपयोगी है क्यों कि फल एवं सब्जी जैसे कृषि उत्पादों पर न्यूनतम समर्थन मूल्य (MSP) नहीं मिल पाता है | लेकिन कान्ट्रैक्ट फार्मिंग होने की स्थिति में इन उत्पादों का भी लाभकारी मूल्य समितियों के माध्यम से किसानों को मिल सकता है |
- ❖ This is useful specially for Fruits & Vegetable Cooperatives as these perishables do not have MSP. Through contract farming societies will realize better value for their produce.

देश में भंडारण क्षमता की स्थिति Storage capacity available in the country

क्रम सं	संस्था	भंडारण क्षमता MMT	%
1	एफसीआई, FCI	35.92	21.67
2	केन्द्रीय भंडारण निगम, CWC	11.72	7.07
3	राज्य भंडारण निगम एवं राज्य संस्थाएं, SWC & State Agencies	45.28	27.31
4	सहकारी संस्थाएं, Cooperatives	15.07	9.11
5	आईएसएएम – ग्रामीण भंडारण योजना से निर्मित (निजी क्षेत्र सहित) (ISAM) (Cooperatives & Private Sector)	57.75	34.84
6	कुल उपलब्ध क्षमता	165.74	100
स्त्रोत: डीग	रफआई की रिर्पोट (DFI Vol - IV)		

देश में कुल भंडारण की आवश्कता Requirement of storage

- > आईएसएपी (Indian Society of Agribusiness Professionals) द्वारा AMI योजना का प्रभाव मूल्यांकन रिपीट, जून 2019 के अनुसार देश में कुल 222.81 MMT भंडारण क्षमता की आवश्कता है। जबकि डीएफआई की रिपीट के अनुसार उपलब्ध भंडारण क्षमता 165.74 MMT है अर्थात 57.07 MMT भंडारण क्षमता और आवश्यक है.
- As per impact evaluation report of AMI sub scheme of ISAM submitted by ISAP, total requirement of storage capacity is 222.81 MMT and considering DFI report on available storage capacity 165.74 MMT, GAP IS 57.07 MMT.

भंडारण निर्माण में एनसीडीसी का योगदान Storage Capacity created through NCDC

- > एनसीडीसी भारत सरकार की AMI (ISAM) एवं CSISAC योजना की मुख्य क्रियान्वयन ऐजेंसी है ।
- NCDC is an implementation agency of AMI (ISAM) and CSISAC schemes of GoI.
- एनसीडीसी ने 31.03.2020 तक 67963 इकाईयों हेतु 16.52 मिलियन मीट्रिक टन के निर्माण कार्य के लिए वित्त पोषण किया है | सहकारी समितियों का हिस्सा देश के कुल भंडारण क्षमता का 13% है, जिसका 73% हिस्सा निगम द्वारा वित्त प्रदत है |
- ❖ NCDC has financed 67963 units for creation of 16.52 MMT storage capacity. Total storage capacity available with Cooperatives is 13%, and 73 % of it financed by NCDC.
- ❖ कोल्ड चेन के क्षेत्र में एनसीडीसी ने 9.66 लाख मीट्रिक टन की क्षमता के निर्माण हेतु वित्त पोषण किया है ।
- NCDC has financed creation of 9.66 lakh MT in Cold Chain.

कृषि विपणन संचरना Agricultural Marketing Infrastructure (AMI) Sub Scheme

- इस योजना में भंडारण क्षमता के निर्माण तथा प्राथमिक प्रसंस्करण इकाई एवं कृषि बाजारों की स्थापना के लिए वित्तीय सहायता दी जाती है ।
- ❖ Financial assistance is provided for creation of storage infrastructure as well as setting up of primary processing units and agriculture markets.
- भंडारण इकाई के निर्माण के लिए सामान्य वर्ग के सहकारी समितियों को 875/- रूपये प्रति मैट्रिक टन की दर से अधिकतम 75.00 लाख रूपये तक का अनुदान देय है ।
- ❖ For development of storage infrastructure maximum limit of subsidy is ₹75.00 lakh @ ₹875 /MT, which is FLAWED.
- प्राथमिक प्रोसेसिंग इकाई की स्थापना एवं कृषि उत्पादों की बिक्री के लिए हाट/बाजार आदि के निर्माण के लिए 25 प्रतिशत की दर से अधिकतम 25 लाख रूपये तक का अनुदान प्रदान किया जाता है ।
- ❖ For installation of primary processing centre and Construction of Rural Haats, the maximum eligibility of subsidy is ₹25.00 lakh @ 25% of project cost.

एएमआई योजना में प्रस्तावित परिवर्तन Proposed changes in AMI

- एएमआई योजना में एक सहकारी समिति के लिए निर्धारित 5000
 MT की अधिकतम सीमा संशोधित होनी चाहिए ।
- ❖ Maximum limit of 5000 MT for a Cooperative Society should be revised.
- राज्य ऐजेंसियों के लिए एक जिले में अधिकतत 10000 MT की अधिकतम सीमा संशोधित होनी चाहिए ।
- ❖ Maximum limit of 10000 MT for a State agency should be revised.
- > छोटे गोदामों के निर्माण के लिए मानक दर जो कि ₹3500/MT है, संशोधित होनी चाहिए ।
- ❖ Prevailing normative cost for construction of godowns ₹3500/MT should be revised.

कृषि अवसंरचना निधि Agriculture Infrastructure Fund

- > इस योजना के तहत पोस्ट हारवेस्ट कृषि अवसंरचना के निर्माण के लिए ₹1,00,000 (एक लाख) करोड़ रुपये के वित्त पोषण का लक्ष्य है ।
- ❖ Though this scheme ₹1,00,000 crore will be financed for creation of post harvest Agriculture Infrastructure.
- कृषि अवसंरचना का निर्माण फार्म गेट एवं एग्रीगेशन केन्द्र पर पैक्स, एफपीओज, आदि द्वारा किया जा सकता है ।
- ❖ Agriculture infrastructure can be created at farm gate or aggregation centre by Cooperatives/FPOs etc.
- > इस योजना के तहत दिए जाने वाले ऋण पर 2.00 करोड़ रूपये तक की अधिकतम सीमा पर 3% प्रति वर्ष का ब्याज छूट प्राप्त होगा ।
- All loans under this scheme will have interest subvention of 3% per annum up to a limit of ₹2.00 crore.

बदले परिवेश में एनसीडीसी की भूमिका Role of NCDC in NEW scenario

- > 3Cs: बदले हुए परिवेश में सहकारिताओं को अधिक व्यवासायिक एवं लाभकारी बनाने के लिए सहकारिता एवं कारपोरेट के बीच समझौता होना आवश्यक है।
- **3Cs:** To make cooperatives more professional and profitable, it is necessary to **Cooperative**, **Corporate Collaboration**.
- एनसीडीसी नियमानुसार समितियों के वित्तीय एवं प्रशिक्षण आदि जरूरतों को पूरा कर समितियों को कारपोरेट क्षेत्र से समझौता करने में मदद करने को तत्पर है।
- ❖ NCDC is ready to help in this Cooperative, Corporate Collaboration by way of fulfil of financial & hand holding need of the societies as per rules.